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RICHMOND. VA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1913.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

CHANGE IN SENATE OBJECT OF LEAGUE

Must Centre Fight There to Secure Passage of Enabling Act.

POLICY IS VOICED BY J. D. M'ALISTER

Denial Made That Anti-Saloon League Is in Partisan Politics, but Is Engaged in Molding Sentiment-Mann Assailed for His Noncommittal

time to write a message to the General Assembly on taxation, on the lime-grinding bill and on other measures, but he did not find time to mention the enabling act. are asked in this report to sup-

port those candidates for Governor who will work for an enabling act. I want to know if we can say that our last Governor worked for it. We want to know how he stood."

Thomas Whitehead, of Amherst, took the floor in opposition to the motion of Mr. Jordan. "We have no right to the floor in opposition to the motion of Mr. Jordan. "We have no right to inshunate that the Governor was against the measure," he declared, in an impassiond appeal to the convention to take no action. "William Hodges Mann was battling for the cause of temperance for ten years before the Anti-Saloon League was born. Every one knows the history of the fight to rid Virginia of the saloon knows what Judgo Mann has done. They know where stands—the unwavering foc of the saloon. Let's stog this business of saying that because one man is not as red-hot for a measure as you are, or think you are, that he is not a good

temperance man."
Committees Named.

The matter was dropped when Mr. lordan was dechired out of order. At the morning session the following committees were named. Resolutions-R. H. Bennett, J. M. Pilcher, R. A. McFarland, J. W. Hougle, W.

C. Campbell, Dr. Williams, A. T. Jáncoin, of the Pan-American Union J. C. Redd, E. E. Johnson, I. T. Anderson, J. D. Johnston, P. V. D. Conway, J. D. McAllister and J. W. Cammack.

Auditing—R. B. Ingram and the Rev.

Frank Wells. Nominations—J. F. Bellows, J. E. Cooper, George P. Adams, C. D. Lane, H. J. Crowjey, J. A. Taylor, J. S. Peters and E. J. Richardson.

The convention then took up discussions of the resolutions presented last night from the legislative committee, limiting speakers to five minutes.

The resolutions were read in order and discussion and action on each had separately, after which the report of he legislative committee and the reselutions were adopted as a whole this discussion from those in favor of

and opposed to the league placing in-self in the position of a political or-

ganization.

The reading of the first resolution started the controversy for and against Continued on Twelfth Paged

MYLIUS IS ADMITTED

Judge Sustains Habeas Corpus Writ
for King's Libeler.

New York, February 19.—Edward F.
Mylius, an English journalist, convicted of libeling King George V., and
detained by the immigration authorities at Ellis Island, received permission to-day from Federal Judge Noyes
to enter the United States. Judge
Noyes sustained a writ of habeas
corpus.

Judge Noyes, in his decision, held
that Mylius was not convicted "of a
crime involving moral turpitude."

"It is proper to emphasize," he said,
"that no conclusion which I may reach
in interpreting these immigration
statutes can be regarded as in the
slightest degree minimizing the serious character of the petitioner's acts
as disclosed, nor as reflecting in any
way upon the fairness and regularity
of his trial. If the petitioner be discharged it will be solely because I regard the offense of criminal libel as
not involving in its inherent nature
moral turpitude."

Myllus this afternoon left Ellis Island, declaring that he was ready for a new start in life. "The action of the court in freeing me is a slap at the aristocracy of England, and at all forms of monarchy," he said. "No one can regard the action as a means of upholding the aristocracy. For me it amounts to a vindication."

He will remain for a time, at least, in New York.

"A comparison of the reports of our field men with the reports of last year show that they have traveled more miles, made more addresses, attended more conferences, had larger access to the public and a more cordial reception than possibly in any other year of the league's history in Virginia. If any part of the field has been left uncovered and any territory not reached, it is because of the lack of men and the means with which to reach them.

"However, the sentiment for the passage of the enabling act and Statewide prohibition has been growing throughout the year. There has been a tremendous influence in our favor, resulting from the action, of the Legisland to the victim and captured of the held-up was attempted by two men, who entered the jewelry establishment of Henry K. Bicker & Company, in the financial section. They wanted to buy diamond earrings, they said. A clerk brought out a tray containing \$5,000 worth for their inspection. They knocked him down, grabbed the gems and bolted for the door, but he regained his feet in time to catch the man with the tray and recover the jewelry. He held the burglar till assistance came.

The prisoner said he was John Ca-

Pan-American Union Lauda Work of Secretary of State.

Washington, February 19.—Resolutions commendatory of the efforts of Secretary of State, Knox, as chairman of the governing board of the Pan-American Union during the last four years, to further amity and friendship between the United States and Latin America, were adopted unanimously at to-day's meeting of the governing body of the Pan-American Union.

Fortures, His Colleggues.

Morgan's Illness

from America. It was hoped that the illness would disappear quickly in Egypt, but the cold on the Nile

nggravated it.
It is stated that Mr. Morgan cannot expect a rapid recovery. He habeen put on a special rigid diet. Mr. Morgan found the confinement irksome and insisted on going out in a motor car to-day. He was very not xpect a rapid recovery. He has granddaughter, has left here for

MYLIUS IS ADMITTED Judge Sustains Habess Corpus Writ HOUSE DECLINES HOME DESTROYED TO OVERRIDE VETO

tion Bill Over Taft's Head.

NECESSARY VOTES | LEADER TAKES CAN'T BE MUSTERED

Makes Favorable Report on Rockefeller Foundation Bill, Culberson Attacking Proposed Incorporation as

and that it had never as an organization brought out or worked for any candidate. Mr. McAlister then read his annual report, which gave a detailed statement of the work done, including an itemized account of sbuscriptions and cash raised by the field secretaries. The report says in part:

"This gives us a grand total of 63, 370 miles traveled, 622 addresses made, \$14,855 in subscriptions taken, \$4,185.57 cash returned from field day labors, total cash and subscriptions \$19,040.87, plus \$2,821 paid on special fund raised by Mr. Richardson.

"A comparison of the reports of last year field men with the reports of last year field men with the reports of last year field men with the reports of last year."

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"A comparison of the reports of last year field men with the reports of last year field separate to the basic proposals made by Goffense to Human Brotherhood.

Rome, February 19.—There has been considerable press comment here on the subject of the Burnett-Dillingham immigration bill, the clauses of which caused a disagreeable impression. The Glorale d'Italia referred to the proposed legislation as an "offense to human brotherhood."

Clerk Too Swift for Man who Seized field fie

"Foundation" Pavorably Reported.

Washington, February 19,-The pro-posed \$100,000,000 Rockefeller foundaposed \$100,000,000 Rockefeller foundation for benevolent purposes constitutes the safest disposition that can be made of that portion of John D. Rockefeller's immense fortune, is the conclusion expressed in a alority report by the Senate Judiciary Committee presented to the Senate to-day, recommending the passage of the Rockefeller foundation bill.

"This money is now in the control of a private individual who could, if he chose, direct its use to purely pri-

Stein Concludes His Story of Arson Operations.

New York, February 19 Isader ter, with a view to remedying defects New York, February 19.—Isador Stein, a convict, concluded to-day his testimony that at the bidding of Robert J. Rubin, a Broadway fire insurance adjuster on trial in Supreme Court on a charge of arson, he applied the torch to buildings in the ordinary run of his operations for the so-called "arson trust." Elizabeth Parkins, Rubin's stenographer, testified that her employer and Stein, known as "Izzy, the Painter," were often in conference behind locked doors in the adjuster's office.

Lectures His Colleagues, Washington, February 19.—With the House in a tangle of congested appropriation bills, Democratic derwood to-day dropped his tariff work and lectured the Democrats on the necessity for speedy action on the supply in the course of a colloquy with Mi-

In the course of a colloquy with Minority Leader Mann and Representative Roddenberry, of Georgia, the latter flibustering against the appropriation bills, Representative Underwood declared emphatically it was not the wish of President-Elect Wilson that this year's appropriation bills go over to the Democratic administration.

It is understood generally on this side of the House," said Mr. Mann, "and also on the other side of the House, that it was the inspiration of the Democratic President-elect to prevent the passage of these appropriathe Democratic President-elect to pre-vent the passage of these appropria-tion bills at this session of Congress."
"I am not here," Underwood replied,
"with any authority to speak for the next President, but I will say, without

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

VICTIM OF SUFFRAGETTES



WEST END FIGHTS **WASHINGTON WILL** STREET CAR LINE TAKE NO CHANCES

Taxpayers United Against Henrico Petition.

Churches, Schools, Hospital and It Proposes to Be Prepared for Any Emergency in Mexico.

FULTON PEOPLE ARE DIVIDED AWAITS DEVELOPMENTS

Nelsen and Garber Charged With Recognition of New Government Juggling Route to Enhance Their Property.

"No more tracks in Lee District" was the motto inscribed on badges was the motto inscribed on badges worn by more than 200 men who crowded the Council chamber to the limit of standing room last night in oppositon to the petition of the Richmond and Henrico Railway Company for a franchise for the use of Lombardy, Park, Stuart and other streets in the West End. Churches, schools, hospitals, property-owners and taxpayers joined in the protest, which was unanimous, not a word being raised in defense of the plan for the new street car line.

A subcommittee of the Council Committee on Streets, consisting of Messre, but so far as that involves the

and eighteen miles from Wilmington.

A wide difference of opinion in the ranks of the "army" manifested itself to-day when they heard of the blowing up of Lloyd-George's country home, and that English officials attributed it to suffragettes or their male extensions out Broad Street to

Miss Elizabeth Freeman, who has Roseneath Road and across West or erved an apprenticeship for the Sheppard Street to Cary Street, cause" in England, where she was Large delegations were also present twice arrested, declared that "nothing could have been finer."

Miss Morgan, of New York, also exthere were aerimonious discussions of "the Nelsen route." "the Garber route,"

ous large property-owners
Without taking action, the committee adjourned to next Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when attorneys for the roads interested will be heard, and

cil committee in years was in opposi-tion to any track extensions in the district bounded by Lombardy Street and the Boulevard, between Main and Broad Streets. The vitizens desired no additional lines, were fully satisfied with the present service, had moved there in many instances to escape street cars, and considered the present petition for extension of the Richmond and Henrico Company's lines nothing short of an invasion of their homes. As the result of a mass-meet-(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Depends on Establishment of Normal Conditions.

sense, but so far as that involves the be exiled. Arrangements have been preparation of the army and navy to made for his departure from the

Still Prepared for Trouble. Though naturally gratified at the termination of the almost continuous battle that has raged within the heart of Mexico City for so long a period of time, it was deemed to be unwise to permit that sentiment to affect the progress of arrangements that are be ing made adequately to protect the lives of foreigners in Mexico, in case the situation should get beyond con view, but Miss Elizabeth Aldrich, who is of Quaker ancestry, said: "I would stone of the Richmond and Henrico rather hear that women would never have a right to vote than to hear of charged had been influenced by varito have the soldiers ready to move at short notice and to the transports to proceed to their assigned destinations, where they were to embark troops and marines, were allowed to remain in force, officials reasoning that some

Probably some repty will be made the only important prisoners held.
President Taft to the personal mesthe Madero government, but it will be of such a nature as not to constitute General Diaz had an extended con-

Ambassador Wilson is expected to communicate freely with Military Gov-ernor Huerta, to transact the ordinary business of the embassy, and his example, it is expected, will be followed by the diplomatic representatives of the other powers, all such exchanges being on a de facto basis.

Depends on Developments.
thin a week at the longest, the
Mexican Congress should be in Wilhin session, in conformity with the call just Issued by the military governor. Upon the extent to which General Hu-Congress the powers of government, will depend the attitude of the United States towards the defacts government of Mexico.

If constitutional forms are observed, if the Congress is allowed without the congress of the congr

if the Congress is allowed without du-ress to discharge its lawful duty of ress to discharge its lawful duty of selecting a provisional President, if in an orderly way the Congress pro-vides for the holding of general elec-vides for the holding of general elecvides for the holding of general elections throughout Mexico, after a reasonable period of time, at which all the people may have a free chance to indicate their choice for permanent President, the Washington government's decision can be relied upon to give cordial and sympathetic support to the efforts of those now in control in the Mexican capital to establish a government on a permanent basis. Meanwhile the attitude of the administration here will remain one of permanent of the permanent of the design of the des tration here will remain one of pas-sive, though interested, observation.

MANY ARRESTS MADE

Authorities Worried by Work of Incendiaries.

Charleston, W. Va., February 19.—
Many incendiary fires throughout the coal strike region are causing State authorities much uneasiness, and many arrests have been made. The report that a tipple and three residences at Elk Bridge had been burned was confirmed to-night.

Frestdent, was taken under a neavy guard from the National Palace and lodged in the arsenal. There he was a prisoner of General Diaz in the very place which for over a week he non in his efforts to subjugate the rebel army.

Had Francisco Madero succeeded (Continued on Third Pages) was confirmed to-night

DOOMED TO EXILE FROM LAND OVER WHICH HE RULED

Madero Will Sail for Some Port in Europe.

HIS FAMILY WILL ACCOMPANY HIM

Gustavo Madero Falls Victim of Notorious "Fugitive Law," Dying Under Rifle Fire of His Guards-Ugly Reprisals Are Anticipated Because of Finding of "Those Who Ought to Die" List in Government Papers. De la Barra and Other Leading Mexicans Had Been Marked for Slaughter-Quiet Reigns Now, but Revolution Throughout Country Is Far From Ended.

Huerta Formally Made President

Mexico City, February 19.—General Victoriano Huerta was elected provisional President by Congress at a special secret session to-night. Already forced to face plots, the new administration caused the arrest to-night of General Francisco Romero. Itomero is necused of conspiracy with Francisco Cosio Robelo in a new revoit. The plot involves a group of rurales.

It has developed that the exile of Madero is not certain, for the present at least.

at the instigntion of the government, Madero has been formally held responsible for the death of Colonel Riverol, which occurred at the palace at the time of Madero's arrest.

the palace at the time of Madero's arrest.

Conflicting stories are in circulation regarding the slayer of Riverol, but it is officially stated that Madero shot him with a pistol.

In a statement made to-night General Huera says that two attempts were made against his life before the arrests, and he attributes both of them to the Maderos. The first attempt was made by a sharp-shooter, who tried to pick him off while in the palace. This General Huerta laid at the door of the ex-President. President.

The second attempt was made at the banquet, which cuiminated in Gustavo Mudero's arrest. Huerta says he was repeatedly urged to drink poisoned wine from a bottle. He was suspicious and rerused to do so.

meet any emergency that might arise. capital for Vera Cruz to-night. From there he will sail for some European

Madero will be accompanied by his wife, and perhaps by his father and other members of his family. His loyal aide, Captain Federico

Montes, also will go, but in the capacity of a guard. The party will proceed to Vera Cruz under escort. The execution of Gustavo Madero, brother of the denosed President. was the most tragic occurrence of to-

day. He was subjected to the "fugi-tive law," and was shot to death by his guards. Members of his Cabinet and most of the other prisoners were released Unanimous Opposition.

The most unanimous and concerted action that has come before a Council committee in years was in appear.

Probably some route with a gained through this morning. Francisco Madero, Jose Pino Suarez, the Vice-President, and Francisco Gonzales Garza, governor of the Federal district.

> ed the post of governor-general, and ed that they were in complete accord. Later, General Huerta was in conference with the American am-bassador, Henry Lane Wilson.

> A group of Senators discussed the question of the presidency with General Hucrta, who, it is understood, will receive the appointment of provisional President at the hands Congress, a meeting of which body

has been called. Gustavo Madero Killed. Gustavo Madero was executed as a sequel to the upheaval when the Madero administration was turned

out by the commanders of the Mexican Federal army. The former President and his brother, Gustavo, were sent this morning as prisoners to the arsenal. from which General Felix Diax, the rebel commander, had bombarded the city for ten days. Soon after their arrival there Gustavo Madero was subjected to the notorious "fugitive law." by which he was free to run under the rifle are of his guards.

He fell dead under their bullets Ugly uprisals are fear because of the finding of a list of "those ought to die" among the off among the official documents of the Madero government.

Madero in Arsenal.

Francisco Madero, the deposed President, was taken under a heavy

(Continued on Third Page.)

Really Serious (Special to The Times-Disputch.)

Caire, February 18 .- The seriousness of the illness from which J. Pierpont Morgan is suffering is now admitted. It began on the journey

BY SUFFRAGETTES

Fails to Pass Immigra- Bomb Is Placed Under Country House of Lloyd-George.

RESPONSIBILITY

Senate Judiciary Committee Mrs. Pankhurst Says She Is Ready to Go to Prison if Necessary-"General" Mrs. Flora Drummond Rejoices Over "Fine Act" of English

"General" Mrs. Flora Drummond, however, declared the explosion was "undoubtedly the work of a woman." She exclaimed: "It was a fine act and shows the determination of the women. I say, all power to all kinds of militancy in the direction of harassing Cabinet ministers short of taking human life." human life."

Miss Freeman Calls It "Fine."

Wilmington, Del., February 19.—
"General" Rosalie G. Jones and her band of suffragettes held full sway in Wilmington to-day and to-night. The chief feature this evening was the appearance of several of the leaders at a local vaudeville theatre, where they spoke between the acts. Their addresses, which did not exceed five minutes each, were on the general subject of woman's suffrage and were a repetition generally of what had been said at street meetings earlier in the day.

TAMILTON INJURED

TRANSLATION From Arcelore and Palis is an opposite proposes to place the program for sign was because of the governor Walins as preaded oved by the Rev. |

A cove.

The most striking feature of to-day when he jumped a sheet was preaded oved by the Rev. |

A cove.

The most striking feature of to-day when he jumped a sheet was because of the convention occurred when Governor William Assailed.

The most striking feature of to-day when he jumped a sheet was because of the convention occurred when Governor William Ray and condenning those was all the sain dome on the beach. The arrolling turned completely over, and condenning those was all the sain dome on the beach. The arrolling turned completely over, and condenning those was all the sain dome on the beach. The arrolling turned completely over, and condenning those was all the sain dome on the beach. The arrolling turned completely over, and condenning those was all the sain down the proposal to the sain down the condenning the sain down the beach. The arrolling turned completely over, and the sain down the sain the sain down the sain the sain down the sain the sain the sain the sain the sain that the sain the sain that the sain the sain that the sain th

tributed it to suffragettes or their male ginia Stailway and Power Company for

Women's Brass Band. Washington, February 19,—A brass band, composed entirely of women

dition to appear at a sufrage meeting here on the night of March 1. Arrangements have been made to lished along the line of march of the suffragist parade here March will be in charge of competer will be in charge of competent physi-chars and trained nurses.

candidate to oppose Porfirio Diag.

Rise and Fall of Francisco Madero

New York, February 19 .- The rise and fall of Francisco Madero, who was forced to resign the presidency of Mexico through the coup d'eint of Generals Huerta and Blanquet last night, is confined to a period of only three years. It is summarized chronologically as follows: Mexico through the coup d'eint of 1919.
March 3—Madero helped organize a national convention to nominate

June 3.—Madero was thrown into prison by Diaz on charges of sedition. October 8.—Madero escaped from prison disguised as a peon and fied to San Antonio, Tex. November 10-Madero, accompanied by seven men, re-crossed the Rio Grande into Mexico and began recruiting troops to his standard. 1911.

chief, "Pancho" Villa.
February 9-Abraham Gomez, governor of Chihuahua, joined Madero February 15-Madero fought Diaz troops near Chihughun. Madero and his personal aide, Cuellar, both seriously wounded near Canas Grandes.

May 5—Madero treated with Diaz at his request, but could not reach a compromise. Broke armistice.

May 8—Captured Juarez after three days' fighting.

May 25—Diaz resigned and De la Barra became provisional president of Maylor.

February 6-Joined by Generals Orozco and Blanco and the bandit

June S-Entered Mexico City and received an unprecedented demon-June 8—Entered Mexico City and stration. Halled as "Saviour of Mexico."

August 31—Nominated for the presidency by the progressive party. October 2—Elected president of the Republic of Mexico. October 12—Felix Diaz, nephew of former President Diaz, joins rebels. October 17—Diaz seizes Vera Cruz.
October 24—Diaz captured and imprisoned.

February 9—Confronted by revolution led by Colonel Felix Diaz and neral Bernardo Reyes. Personally leads Federal troops against revolu-February 18-Madero was made prisoner by General Huerta, his principal assistant against Diaz, and Huerta became provisional president.

1913.